

## JCSP Numeracy Strategy

# Number Millionaire 

## Teacher Resource Manual 1 (Quiz questions)

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## JCSP "Number Millionaire" Initiative

> "Number Millionaire" is a numeracy quiz where individual students (contestants) are challenged to identify the correct answer to each of twelve arithmetical questions. Each quiz question has a choice of four answers attached; three of the answers are incorrect. The student can identify the correct answer by performing mental computation and / or deduction. The quiz questions are based on the following numerical concepts and competencies: addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, whole numbers, fractions, decimals, percentages, square numbers, even and odd numbers, greater than and less than, remainders, equivalences, properties of regular shapes, properties of angles, properties of time and telling the time, calendar, sequences, simple equations.

Each contestant has four "Lifelines" available to him / her when faced with a difficult question, namely:

- "Ask the Class"
- " 50 : 50"
- "Use a Friend" (use a calculator)
- "Ask a Friend".

Each Lifeline can be used only once by a contestant. When the contestant has used up all his / her Lifelines, he / she must either answer the next question or withdraw from the quiz and leave with his / her existing total of points.

Points are allocated, on a sliding scale, for calculating and identifying the correct answer to a question. The questions in the later rounds of the quiz are more difficult and demanding that the questions encountered in the earlier rounds. To acquire the maximum number of points (One Million) in the quiz and be awarded a "Number Millionaire" certificate, the contestant must correctly answer each of the $\mathbf{1 2}$ consecutive quiz questions.

The student is challenged to attain the greatest number of points by answering as many questions as he / she can. The quizmaster always checks with the contestant that he / she is happy with his / her initial choice of answer and confirms that he / she does not want to change his / her choice. This selection of "my Final Answer" cannot be changed. At the same time, the rest of the class are told to work out and think of the answer as well, because the contestant might opt to "Ask the Class" if he / she is faced with a difficult question.

Selecting an incorrect "final" answer eliminates a contestant from the quiz.
The teacher should take time to "sell" the quiz to the students and to describe, model and demonstrate the dynamics and rules of the quiz. Reference should be made to the way contestants are selected, how points are acquired, how the "Safe Havens" work and how students can opt to make use of the four types of "Lifelines".

The quiz is usually planned and structured as an individualised activity, involving one contestant at a time, but can also be implemented as a paired and collaborative activity involving two students.

The quiz is an effective medium for revising important numerical concepts and competencies. Follow-up discussions in class about the strategies and approaches, that were employed to calculate and identify the correct answer to specific questions, can be a valuable learning experience for the students by stimulating reflection, by providing opportunities for recapitulation and by increasing the students' repertoire of problem solving strategies and computational approaches.

The quiz content prioritises mental computation and provides a framework to support the development and extension of numerical understanding, skills and competencies. It can develop confidence in performing numerical and arithmetical operations, enhance mental computation, strengthen cognitive reasoning, improve pace of response and revise, reinforce and activate existing mathematical knowledge and understanding. It is also an activity that introduces a fun element to the teaching and learning of maths in a classroom setting. The "Number Millionaire" quiz can be structured as a recreational activity or as a planned and timetabled component in the maths classroom. A celebration event should be organised at the culmination of the quiz to acknowledge the students' engagement, achievements and success. "Number Millionaire" achievement certificates can be used to celebrate and acknowledge the students' achievements.

| Allocating points: |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Gateway questions | no points allocated |
| First answer correct: | $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ points |
| Second answer correct: | $\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0}$ points |
| Third answer correct: | $\mathbf{2 , 0 0 0}$ points |
| Fourth answer correct: | $\mathbf{5 , 0 0 0}$ points |
| Fifth answer correct: | $\mathbf{1 0 , 0 0 0}$ points |
| Sixth answer correct: | $\mathbf{2 0 , 0 0 0}$ points |
| Seventh answer correct: | $\mathbf{5 0 , 0 0 0}$ points |
| Eight answer correct: | $\mathbf{7 5 , 0 0 0}$ points |
| Ninth answer correct: | $\mathbf{1 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ points |


| Tenth answer correct: | $\mathbf{2 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ points |
| :--- | :--- |
| Eleventh answer correct: | $\mathbf{5 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ points |
| Twelveth answer correct: | $\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0 , 0 0 0}$ points |

## Reaching the three "Safe Havens"

The bolded points-values on the scoring scale indicate "Safe Havens". The Safe Havens are the values of the $\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0}$ and $\mathbf{5 0 , 0 0 0}$ and $\mathbf{2 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ points questions. Once you cross the $\mathbf{1 , 0 0 0}$ points mark, you can't leave the quiz with less than 1,000 points.

If you successfully pass the $\mathbf{5 0 , 0 0 0}$-point question, you're guaranteed to leave with at least 50,000 points. Once you successfully pass the $\mathbf{2 5 0 , 0 0 0}$-point question, you're guaranteed to leave with at least $\mathbf{2 5 0 , 0 0 0}$ points.

A contestants can also walk away with the points total that he / she has already won if he / she decides to "take my winnings" and not risk getting an incorrect answer to the next question, after hearing the content to that question. When an incorrect answer is provided by the contestant, he / she is eliminated from the quiz and his / her points-total and winnings drop down to the value of the last safe haven question answered.

The appendix section in the Teacher's Manual contains a wide selection of numerical questions.

## Planning and Implementing the Quiz

Teachers are provided with the following resources:

- Number Millionaire, Teacher Resource Manual 1 (quiz questions)
- Number Millionaire, Teacher Resource Manual 2 (quiz questions with correct answers underlined)
- Starter Pack / Booklet of Blank Templates
- Selection of Quiz Cards

Additional quiz cards can be created in the blank templates - using either your own teacher-developed questions or a selection of questions from the suite of questions that are provided in this Teacher Manual 1.

Question cards can be colour coded and arranged to correspond with the level and category of challenge that they present.

Some schools may also consider laminating these question cards to ensure an extended lifespan for the cards.

Two copies of each question-card (and associated answers) will be required for the quiz: one copy is retained by the quizmaster and the other hardcopy is presented to the contestant as a visual prompt and stimulus to complement the question being asked orally by the quizmaster.

This Teacher Manual 1 contains a wide selection of numerical / arithmetical questions. These questions have been grouped into five categories, namely:

- "Gateway" questions. No points are awarded.
- Category 1: 500-point questions and 1,000-point questions
- Category 2: 2,000-point questions, 5,000-point questions, 10,000-point questions, 20,000-point questions and 50,000 -point questions.
- Category 3: 75,000-point questions, 150,000-point questions and 250,000point questions
- Category 4: 500,000-point questions and 1,000,000-point questions.

Other than the Gateway questions, each quiz question has a multi-choice selection of answers.

The teacher usually performs the role of quizmaster but a student can also perform this role.

The teacher also monitors the Gateway selection process, the contestant's use of Lifelines and the total of points awarded.

Teachers can increase the selection and variety of questions available for the quiz by planning and developing their own bank of questions and lists of answers. Teacher-generated quiz questions can include some specific topic or content that the teacher wishes to revise with the students.

A calculator should be available if the contestant opts for the Lifeline of "Use a Friend".

The quiz-master should:

- orally ask the question
- provide the contestant with the question card which contains the written version of the question (and the four multi-choice answers)
- provide sufficient time to the student to process his / her answer.

Once the contestant has given an answer, the teacher should confirm that this is his / her "Final Answer".

When a contestant seeks the support of the audience ("Ask the Class"), the teacher should repeat the question to the class.

Placing "Number Millionaire" posters on display in the school can help to generate excitement in the forthcoming quiz.

JCSP stickers can be used to illustrate and identify the total points achieved by each contestant.

## Selection of Contestants (The "Gateway" Question):

The teacher selects a student to play the game by asking a "Gateway" question. The student who gives the "correct answer quickest" comes to the front of the class to sit in the "hot seat" and play in the "Number Millionaire" quiz.

The selection of contestants can also be determined by:

- the random selection of names from a hat
- spinning a dice (after giving each student a number on the dice: several spins of the dice may be required to select the eventual "winner")
- on a rotational basis, so that every student has an opportunity to participate (e.g. using the alphabetical sequence of the students' surnames)
- having a "Fastest Finger Question" where students can use their calculators to give the quickest correct answer to the Gateway question


## The Four Lifelines

Four types of Lifelines are available to the contestant. Each Lifeline can be used only once.

1. Ask the Class (Audience)

The contestant asks the class for assistance. Each member of the class provides an answer. The teacher summarises the audience's responses and identifies the most popular answer / the second most popular answer etc. The contestant can then decide to use one of the audience's answers or stay with his own selfdeveloped answer.

## 2. Ask A Friend

The contestant asks some named member of the audience (the class) for assistance. This selected student provides an answer to the contestant. The contestant can then decide to use this student's answer or stay with his own selfdeveloped answer.
3. Use A Friend (Calculator)

The student can request to use a calculator to arrive at an answer to the quiz question.

The student can request that two incorrect answers are taken away by the teacher from the original choice of four answers. This means that a choice of two answers remain, one incorrect and one correct.

## Insights from Research

The successes, effectiveness and appropriateness of employing a gaming and fun approach to support the development of numerical and mathematical understanding had been clearly documented in educational research literature. Hughes (1983) and Rogers and Miller (1984) claim that, when mathematical and numerical content and process can be contained and replicated in play or game format, motivation for learning becomes enhanced and the inherent enjoyment and success can foster positive attitudes to the self and to numeracy and mathematics. Kirkby (1992) states that numerical games and quizzes require children to think that perform more calculations mentally than they could possibly record on paper in the same time. Topping and Ehly (1998) state that fun activities in numeracy and mathematics improve the student's time on task and level of engagement, provide opportunities for cognitive revision and restructuring and improve self-confidence, self belief and self efficacy.

## LIFELINE

## ASK THE CLASS



## LIFELINE

ASK A FRIEND



## LIFELINE

## LIFELINE

## $50: 50$

Eliminate 2 Incorrect Answers


## Are You Sure?

## Is this Your Final Answer?

# Some Quiz Questions 

(correct answer not indicated)

## "Gateway" Questions

1. Which number will not divide equally by 5 (with no remainder)?
$15 \quad 25 \quad 12 \quad 30$
2. Which number will not divide equally by 4 (with no remainder)?

| 15 | 16 | $12 \quad 40$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

3. Which number will not divide equally by 3 (with no remainder)?

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
15 & 24 & 12 & 40
\end{array}
$$

4. Which number will not divide equally by 6 (with no remainder)?

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
12 & 6 & 18 & 40
\end{array}
$$

5. Which number will not divide equally by 7 (with no remainder)?
$14 \quad 21 \quad 12 \quad 28$
6. Which number will not divide equally by 10 (with no remainder)?
$10 \quad 20 \quad 12 \quad 40$
7. Which number will not divide equally by 5 (with no remainder)?

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
25 & 65 & 12 & 40
\end{array}
$$

8. Which number will not divide equally by 5 (with no remainder)

$$
\begin{array}{llll}
55 & 25 & 17 & 20
\end{array}
$$

9. What is $1 / 2$ of 24 ?
10. What is $1 / 2$ of 14 ?
11. What is $1 / 2$ of 20 ?
12. What is $1 / 2$ of $22 ?$
13. What is $1 / 2$ of $18 ?$
14. What is $1 / 2$ of 16 ?
15. What is $1 / 2$ of $26 ?$
16. What is $1 / 2$ of 30 ?
17. What is $1 / 2$ of $\mathbf{2 8}$ ?
18. What is $1 / 2$ of 32 ?
19. How many sides in a triangle?
20. How many sides in a square?
21. How many sides in a rectangle?
22. How many sides in a parallelogram?
23. How many even numbers are there between 1 and 9 ?
24. How many odd numbers are there between 1 and 9 ?
25. Doubling a number is the same as multiplying it by which Number?
26. Halving a number is the same as dividing it by which number?
27. Squaring a number is the same as multiplying it by...?
28. What is the largest whole number you can make from these digits:

154
29. What is the smallest whole number you can make from these digits:

684
30. Double 23 gives:
31. Double 43 gives:
32. Double 54 gives:
33. Double 27 gives:
34. Twice 36 is:
35. Twice 45 is:
36. Twice 43 is:
37. Twice 37 is:
38. Twice 39 is:
39. Twice 48 is:
40. Twice 120 is:
41. Twice 144 is:
42. Half of 56 is:
43. Half of 68 is:
44. Half of 76 is:
45. Half of 84 is:
46. Half of 96 is:
47. 22 less than 56 is:
48. 28 less than 56 is:
49. 25 less than 76 is:
50. 22 less than 78 is:
51. 22 less than 86 is:
52. 27 more than 56 is:
53. $\mathbf{3 4}$ more than 63 is:
54. 27 more than 59 is:
55. $\mathbf{1 9}$ more than 86 is:
56. 28 more than 66 is:
57. What is the total of: 8,19 and 7 ?
58. What is the total of: 18,9 and 5 ?
59. What is the total of: 28,17 and 6 ?
60. What is the total of: 19,15 and 9 ?
61. What is the total of: 23,13 and 8 ?
62. 233 minus 12 gives:
63. 244 minus 16 gives:
64. 255 minus 22 gives:
65. 263 minus $\mathbf{1 7}$ gives:
66. 272 minus 19 gives:
67. $\mathbf{3 3 4}$ minus $\mathbf{1 5}$ gives:
68. 278 minus 18 gives:
69. 214 take away 67 gives:
70. 324 take away 56 gives:
71. $\mathbf{4 1 4}$ take away $\mathbf{4 3}$ gives:
72. 292 take away 26 gives:
73. 543 take away 27 gives:
74. 866 take away 76 gives:
75. 437 take away 26 gives:
76. 278 take away 77 gives:
77. 214 take away $\mathbf{5 6}$ gives:
78. 417 take away 26 gives:
79. 567 take away 44 gives:
80. 458 take away 33 gives:
81. 815 take away 19 gives:
82. 419 take away 45 gives:
83. 325 take away $\mathbf{3 2}$ gives:
84. What number must be added to 37 to make 75 ?
85. What number must be added to 47 to make 78 ?
86. What number must be added to 38 to make 79 ?
87. What number must be added to 27 to make $\mathbf{7 5}$ ?
88. What number must be added to 17 to make 76 ?
89. What number must be added to 34 to make 65 ?
90. What number must be added to 27 to make 66 ?
91. What number must be added to 33 to make 57 ?
92. What number must be added to 35 to make 95 ?
93. What number must be added to 31 to make 96 ?

## 94. What number must be added to 33 to make 78 ?

95. A film begins at 7:15 p.m. and lasts for one hour and thirty minutes. What time does the film end?
96. A train leaves Cork (Kent station) at 7:30 a.m. and takes two hours and forty-five minutes to reach Dublin. What time does the train arrive in Dublin (Heuston)?
97. A pop concert begins at 10:15 p.m. and lasts for two hours and thirty-five minutes. What time does the concert end?
98. How many degrees are there in a right angle?
99. If the length of the diameter of a circle is 12 cm , what is the length of its radius?
100. What fraction of a circle is a semi-circle?
101. How many right angles are there in a square?

## Category 1:

500 Point Questions
1000 Point Questions

1. "Seven thousand, one hundred and forty-five" in figures is:
(A) 7451
(B) 7154
(C) 7145
(D) 7155
2. "Six thousand, three hundred and seventy-five" in figures is:
(A) 6357
(B) 6753
(C) 6573
(D) 6375
3. "Nine thousand, eight hundred and forty-nine" in figures is:
(A) 9849
(B) 9894
(C) 8949
(D) 9489
4. "Ten thousand, six hundred and seventy-eight" in figures is:
(A) 10, 668
(B) 10, 768
(C) 10,678
(D) 10, $786 \sqrt{ }$
5. "Eight thousand, four hundred and seventy-five" in figures is:
(A) 8448
(B) 8457
(C) 8748
(D) 8475
6. What is the figure 3 worth in the number 9836 ?
(A) Three hundreds
(B) Three tens
(C) Three units
(D) Three thousands
7. What is the figure 8 worth in the number 9836 ?
(A) Eight hundreds
(B) Eight tens
(C) Eight units
(D) Eight thousands
8. What is the figure 6 worth in the number 9836 ?
(A) Six hundreds
(B) Six tens
(C) Six units
(D) Six thousands
9. What is the figure 9 worth in the number 9836 ?
(A) Nine hundreds
(B) Nine tens
(C) Nine units
(D) Nine thousands
10. What is the figure 4 worth in the number 34217 ?
(A) Four hundreds
(B) Four tens
(C) Four units
(D) Four thousands
11. What is the figure 1 worth in the number 34217 ?
(A) One hundred
(B) One ten
(C) One unit
(D) One thousand
12. What is the figure 7 worth in the number 34217 ?
(A) Seven hundreds
(B) Seven tens
(C) Seven units
(D) Seven thousands
13. What is 7 more than 345 ?
(A) 362
(B) 355
(C) 352
(D) 372
14. What is 8 more than 235 ?
(A) 253
(B) 255
(C) 234
(D) 243
15. What is 7 more than 555 ?
(A) 562
(B) 572
(C) 682
(D) 526
16. What is 8 less than 267 ?
(A) 258
(B) 259
(C) 269
(D) 248
17. What is 5 more than 342 ?
(A) 349
(B) 348
(C) 347
(D) 357
18. What is 9 less than 295 ?
(A) 286
(B) 276
(C) 266
(D) 289
19. What is 8 more than 435 ?
(A) 454
(B) 453
(C) 443
(D) 452
20. What is 7 less than 253?
A) 236
(B) 244
(C) 245
(D) 246 V
21. What is 6 more than 365 ?
(A) 373
(B) 371
(C) 372
(D) 374
22. What is 9 less than 322 ?
(A) 311
(B) 315
(C) 314
(D) $313 \sqrt{ }$
23. Which is shortest?
(A) 12 metres
(B) 12 centimetres
(C) 12 millimetres
(D) 12 kilometres
24. Which is longest?
(A) 15 metres
(B) 15 centimetres
(C)15 millimetres
(D) 15 kilometres
25. Which is heaviest?
(A) 12 grams (B)12 centigrams
(C) 12 milligrams
(D) 12 kilograms
26. Which is lightest?
(A) 11 grams (B) 11 centigrams (C) 11 milligrams
(D) 11 kilograms
27. How many $€ 1$ coins are there in $€ 20$ ?
(A) 40
(B) 20
(C) 10
(D) 60
28. How many $€ 1$ coins are there in $€ 50$ ?
(A) 10
(B) 20
(C) 30
(D) 50
29. How many 10 cent coins are there in $€ 5$ ?
(A) 100
(B) 50
(C) 500
(D) 150
30. How many 10 cent coins are there in $€ 10$ ?
(A) 1000
(B) 50
(C) 100
(D) 200
31. How many 5 cent coins are there in $€ 5$ ?
(A) 500
(B) 200
(C) 150
(D) 100
32. How many 5 cent coins are there in $€ 10$ ?
(A) 200
(B) 2000
(C) 100
(D) 150 V
33. How many $€ 5$ notes are there in $€ 100$ ?
(A) 20
(B) 40
(C) 50
(D) 60
34. How many $€ 5$ notes are there in $€ 500$ ?
(A) 1000
(B) 50
(C) 100
(D) 150
35. How many $€ 5$ notes are there in $€ 200$ ?
(A) 50
(B) 45
(C) 40
(D) 60
36. How many $€ 5$ notes are there in $€ 300$ ?
(A) 40
(B) 20
(C) 50
(D) 60
37. How many $€ 5$ notes are there in $€ 400$ ?
(A) 70
(B) 80
(C) 60
(D) 100
38. How many $€ 5$ notes are there in $€ 600$ ?
(A) 150
(B) 120
(C) 100
(D) 140
39. What is $44+7$ ?
(A) 55
(B) 53
(C) 51
(D) 52
40. What is $54+9$ ?
(A) 65
(B) 64
(C) 63
(D) 62
41. What is $\mathbf{7 4 + 9}$ ?
(A) 85
(B) 84
(C) 83
(D) 86
42. What is $48+9$ ?
(A) 55
(B) 58
(C) 56
(D) 57
43. What is $94+9$ ?
(A) 113
(B) 102
(C) 103
(D) 104
44. What is $66+9$ ?
(A) 85
(B) 76
(C) 75
(D) 77
45. What is $93+9$ ?
(A) 102
(B) 103
(C) 104
(D) 105
46. What is $99+8$ ?
(A) 106
(B) 107
(C) 108
(D) $105 \quad \sqrt{ }$
47. What is $97+9$ ?
(A) 109
(B) 116
(C) 106
(D) 107
48. What is $96+9$ ?
(A) 106
(B) 107
(C) 105
(D) 117
49. What is $93+9$ ?
(A) 101
(B) 102
(C) 104
(D) 105
50. What is $96+5$ ?
(A) 102
(B) 104
(C) 101
(D) 103
51. What is $96+8$ ?
(A) 104
(B) 103
(C) 105
(D) 106
52. What is $98+9$ ?
(A) 106
(B) 107
(C) 104
(D) 105
53. What is $92+9$ ?
(A) 101
(B) 102
(C) 111
(D) 103
54. What is $96-9$ ?
(A) 67
(B) 77
(C) 87
(D) 86
55. What is $66-9$ ?
(A) 57
(B) 55
(C) 47
(D) 56
56. What is $92-9$ ?
(A) 83
(B) 73
(C) 84
(D) 85
57. What is $56-9$ ?
(A) 46
(B) 37
(C) 47
(D) 45
58. What is $55-9$ ?
(A) 47
(B) 36
(C) 46
(D) 45
59. What is $38-9$ ?
(A) 29
(B) 19
(C) 28
(D) 27
60. What is $76-9$ ?
(A) 66
(B) 57
(C) 67
(D) 65
61. What is $77-8$ ?
(A) 68
(B) 59
(C) 67
(D) 69
62. What is $67-8$ ?
(A) 59
(B) 58
(C) 49
(D) 57
63. What is $72-8$ ?
(A) 63
(B) 64
(C) 65
(D) 54
64. What is $52-7$ ?
(A) 45
(B) 46
(C) 35
(D) 44
65. What is $72-5$ ?
(A) 66
(B) 67
(C) 57
(D) 63
66. What is $42-8$ ?
(A) 26
(B) 34
(C) 24
(D) 25
67. What is $44-6$ ?
(A) 26
(B) 38
(C) 28
(D) 29
68. What is $94-9$ ?
(A) 86
(B) 75
(C) 85
(D) 87
69. $4 / 6$ is equal to $2 /$ ?
(A) 4
(B) 3
(C) 2
(D) $6 \quad \sqrt{ }$
70. $8 / 6$ is equal to $4 /$ ?
(A) 6
(B) 4
(C) 3
(D) $5 \quad \sqrt{ }$
71. $4 / 8$ is equal to $2 /$ ?
(A) 8
(B) 5
(C) 3
(D) 4
72. $4 / 10$ is equal to $2 /$ ?
(A) 6
(B) 4
(C) 10
(D) 5
73. $\mathbf{8 / 1 6}$ is equal to $\mathbf{2 /}$ ?
(A) 5
(B) 8
(C) 4
(D) 16
74. $6 / 8$ is equal to $3 /$ ?
(A) 4
(B) 8
(C) 6
(D) 12
75. $9 / 12$ is equal to $3 /$ ?
(A) 9
(B) 4
(C) 6
(D) 12
76. $12 / 16$ is equal to $3 /$ ?
(A) 12
(B) 16
(C) 4
(D) 8
77. $1 / 2$ is the same as:
(A) 50\%
(B) 20\%
(C) 30\%
(D) 40\%
78. $1 / 4$ is the same as:
(A) 20\%
(B) $25 \%$
(C) $40 \%$
(D) $5 \%$
79. $1 / 5$ is the same as:
(A) 60\%
(B) $40 \%$
(C) $20 \%$
(D) 30\%
80. $1 / 10$ is the same as:
(A) 30\%
(B) 20\%
(C) $40 \%$ (D)
(D) 10\%
81. $1 / 8$ is the same as:
(A) 16\%
(B) $9 \%$
(C) $12 \frac{1}{2} \%$
(D) $24 \%$
82. What is $23 \times 10$ ?
(A) 330
(B) 2300
(C) 230
(D) 300
83. What is $73 \times 10$ ?
(A) 730
(B) 370
(C) 7700
(D) 7303
84. What is $86 \times 10$ ?
(A) 870
(B) 86
(C) 8600
(D) 860
85. What is $78 \times 10$ ?
(A) 78000
(B) 770
(C) 7800
(D) 780
86. What is $29 \times 10$ ?
(A) 2900
(B) 290
(C) 29
(D) 29000
87. What is $13 \times 100$ ?
(A) 130
(B) 13000
(C) 1300
(D) 2300
88. What is $93 \times 100$ ?
(A) 3900
(B) 930
(C) 93000
(D) 9300
89. What is $98 \times 100$ ?
(A) 8900
(B) 98000
(C) 9800
(D) 9900
90. What is $65 \times 100$ ?
(A) 5600
(B) 650
(C) 6500
(D) 65000
91. What is $58 \times 100$ ?
(A) 580
(B) 5800
(C) 58000
(D) 8500
92. What is $83 \times 1000$ ?
(A) 83000
(B) 38000
(C) 8300
(D) 830000
93. What is $96 \times 1000$ ?
(A) 9600
(B) 96000
(C) 960
(D) 69000
94. What is $92 \times 1000$ ?
(A) 92000
(B) 92000
(C) 9200
(D) 920
95. What is $15 \times 1000$ ?
(A) 150000
(B) 1500
(C) 15000
(D) 150
96. What is $68 \times 1000$ ?
(A) 68000
(B) 6800
(C) 680
(D) 86000
97. Which number will divide equally by 2 (with no remainder)?
(A) 26
(B) 33
(C) 37
(D) 75
98. Which number will divide equally by 4 (with no remainder)?
(A) 42
(B) 56
(C) 34
(D) 35
99. Which number will divide equally by 3 (with no remainder)?
(A) 35
(B) 36
(C) 37
(D) 31
100. Which number will divide equally by 7 (with no remainder)?
(A) 37
(B) 27
(C) 28
(D) 29
101. Which number will divide equally by 9 (with no remainder)?
(A) 47
(B) 19
(C) 28
(D) 36
102. Which number will divide equally by 8 (with no remainder)?
(A) 49
(B) 35
(C) 64
(D) 28
103. What is $1 / 2$ of 44 ?
(A) 88
(B) 24
(C) 23
(D) 22
104. What is $1 / 2$ of 34 ?
(A) 12
(B) 64
(C) 17
(D) 18
105. What is $1 / 2$ of 36 ?
(A) 16
(B) 72
(C) 17
(D) 18
106. What is $1 / 2$ of 38 ?
(A) 17
(B) 76
(C) 19
(D) 18
107. What is $1 / 2$ of 42 ?
(A) 84
(B) 21
(C) 31
(D) 22
108. What is $1 / 2$ of 48 ?
(A) 25
(B) 23
(C) 24
(D) 27
109. What is $1 / 2$ of 64 ?
(A) 33
(B) 128
(C) 32
(D) 34
110. How many even numbers are there between 3 and 19 ?
(A) 8
(B) 7
(C) 9
(D) 10
111. How many odd numbers are there between 2 and 22?
(A) 8
(B) 10
(C) 11
(D) 12
112. What is $44+9$ ?
(A) 47
(B) 44
(C) 37
(D) 53
113. What is $444+99$ ?
(A) 544
B) 543
(C) 545
(D) 563
114. What is $7 \times 8$ ?
(A) 64
(B) 49
(C) 56
(D) 63
115. What is $24-13$ ?
(A) 13
(B) 10
(C) 12
(D) 11
116. What is $24 \div 6$ ?
(A) 5
(B) 4
(C) 6
(D) 7
117. If a prize of $€ 250$ is divided equally between 5 winners how much does each winner get?
(A) $€ 50$
(B) $€ 60$
(C) $€ 55$
(D) €40
118. Which is biggest?
(A) $2 / 3$
(B) $1 / 5$
(C) $5 / 6$
(D) $\mathbf{2 / 2}$
119. Pat scored 150 out of 300 in a test. What $\%$ is that?
(A) 30\%
(B) $50 \%$
(C) 60\%
(D) 60\%
120. What number is halfway between 30 and 42 ?
(A) 36
(B) 35
(C) 37
(D) 34
121. $(15+5) \times 2=$
(A) 25
(B) 22
(C) 40
(D) 85
122. How many tens in 120 ?
(A) 12
(B) 13
(C) 24
(D) 10
123. What is $4 / 6$ in its simplest form?
(A) $2 / 3$
(B) $2 / 6$
(C) $6 / 4$
(D) 1
124. $1,3,6,10, \ldots$. What number comes next?
(A) 14
(B) 15
(C) 16
(D) 13
125. $60 / 100+4 / 10=$
(A) 1 or 100/100
(B) $64 / 110$
(C) $64 / 100$
(D) $64 / 10$
126. A film begins at $7: 25$ p.m. and lasts for one hour and thirty minutes. What time does the film end?
(A) 7:55
(B) $8: 55$
(C) $8: 45$
(D) 9:00
127. A train leaves Cork (Kent station) at 7:10 a.m. and takes two hours and forty-five minutes to reach Dublin. What time does the train arrive in Dublin (Heuston)?
(A) 9:30
(B) 10:00
(C) $9: 55$
(D) $9: 45$
128. A pop concert begins at 10:55 p.m. and lasts for two hours and thirty-five minutes. What time does the concert end?
(A) 13:40
(B) $13: 30$
(C) 12:30
(D) $11: 40$
129. What is the average of $17,18,19$ ?
(A) 19
(B) 18
(C) 17
(D) 54
130. What is the length of the perimeter of this square?

(A) 10 cm
(B) 20 cm
(C) 15 cm
(D) $\mathbf{2 5 ~ c m}$
131. What is the area of this square?

(A) $\mathbf{2 5} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$
(B) $20 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(C) $35 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(D) $15 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
132. What is the length of the perimeter of this rectangle?

(A) $\mathbf{2 4} \mathbf{~ c m}$
(B) 20 cm
C) $\mathbf{1 6 ~ c m}$
(D) $\mathbf{2 8} \mathrm{cm}$
133. What is the area of this rectangle?

(A) $18 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(B) $40 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(C) $26 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
(D) $23 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
134. What is the volume of this cube?

(A) $6 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(B) $8 \mathrm{~cm}^{\mathbf{3}}$
(C) $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$
(D) $4 \mathrm{~cm}^{\mathbf{3}}$

## Category 2:

2,000 Point Questions
5,000 Point Questions
10,000 Point Questions
20,000 Point Questions 50,000 Point Questions

1. What is $\mathbf{4 4 + 2 6}$ ?
(A) 60
(B) 70
(C) 80
(D) 80
2. What is $54+36$ ?
(A) 80
(B) 70
(C) 90
(D) 60
3. What is $\mathbf{4 2 + 2 6}$ ?
(A) 58
(B) 78
(C) 64
(D) 68
4. What is $43+27$ ?
(A) 60
(B) 70
(C) 80
(D) 90
5. What is $83+17$ ?
(A) 90
(B) 100
(C) 110
(D) 99
6. What is $88+27$ ?
(A) 115
(B) 125
(C) 105
(D) 145
7. What is $43+67$ ?
(A) 110
(B) 120
(C) 130
(D) 90
8. What is $53+28$ ?
(A) 71
(B) 101
(C) 81
(D) 91
9. What is $73+17$ ?
(A) 91
(B) 100
(C) 90
(D) 80
10. What is $93+27$ ?
(A)120
B) 110
(C) 130
(D) 100
11. What is $\mathbf{4 8}+\mathbf{2 4}$ ?
(A) 62
(B) 72
(C) 82
(D) 92
12. What is $49+27$ ?
(A) 76
(B) 86
(C) 96
(D) 66
13. What is $42+64$ ?
(A) 126
(B) 96
(C) 106
(D) 116
14. What is $88+24$ ?
(A) 102
(B) 92
(C) 122
(D) 112
15. What is $\mathbf{4 7}+\mathbf{2 6}$ ?
(A) 73
(B) 83
(C) 93
(D) 63
16. What is $82+64$ ?
(A) 156
(B) 146
(C) 136
(D) 126
17. What is $49+33$ ?
(A) 92
(B) 82
(C) 72
(D) 102
18. What is $98+44$ ?
(A) 132
(B) 142
(C) 122
(D) 152
19. What is $77+66 ?$
(A) 123
(B) 153
(C) 133
(D) 143
20. What is $95+57$ ?
(A) 152
(B) 162
(C) 142
(D) 132
21. What is $49+66 ?$
(A) 125
(B) 115
(C) 95
(D) 135
22. What is $68-24 ?$
(A) 44
(B) 34
(C) 54
(D) 64
23. What is $97-26$ ?
(A) 51
(B) 61
(C) 81
(D) 71
24. What is $73-27 ?$
(A) 46
(B) 56
(C) 66
(D) 36
25. What is $63-17 ?$
(A) 46
(B) 56
(C) 36
(D) 66
26. What is $48-27 ?$
(A) 12
(B) 31
(C) 11
(D) 21
27. What is $93-67$ ?
(A) 37
(B) 24
(C) 27
(D) 26
28. What is $63 \mathbf{- 2 8}$ ?
(A) 36
(B) 35
(C) 34
(D) 45
29. What is $53-17$ ?
(A) 36
(B) 35
(C) 46
(D) 34
30. What is $73-27$ ?
(A) 47
(B) 45
(C) 46
(D) 56
31. What is $88-24$ ?
(A) 74
(B) 54
(C) 63
(D) 64
32. What is $79-27$ ?
(A) 42
(B) 52
(C) 62
(D) 72
33. What is $82 \mathbf{- 6 4 ?}$
(A) 22
(B) 18
(C) 28
(D) 19
34. What is $88-24$ ?
(A) 64
(B) 74
(C) 54
(D) 44
35. What is $47-26$ ?
(A) 29
(B) 11
(C) 21
(D) 31
36. What is $82-54$ ?
(A) 32
(B) 18
(C) 38
(D) 28
37. What is $79-33$ ?
(A) 46
(B) 36
(C) 56
(D) 34
38. What is $88-44$ ?
(A) 24
(B) 44
(C) 34
(D) 54
39. What is $97-66$ ?
(A) 21
(B) 31
(C) 41
(D) 24
40. What is $95-57$ ?
(A) 32
(B) 28
(C) 38
(D) 48
41. What is $99-66 ?$
(A) 33
(B) 43
(C) 23
(D) 53
42. Which is the heaviest?
(A) 5.4 kg
(B) 54 kg
(C) 4.5 kg
(D) 45 kg V
43. Which is the lightest?
(A) 7.4 g
(B) 3.7 g
(C) 73 g
(D) 37 g
44. What is $1300 \div 100 ?$
(A) 130
(B) 13
(C) 1.3
(D) 1300
45. What is $9300 \div 100 ?$
(A) 9.3
(B) 930
(C) 93
(D) 9300
46. What is $9800 \div 100 ?$
(A) 980
(B) 98000
(C) 98
(D) 9.8
47. What is $6500 \div 100 ?$
(A) 65
(B) 6500
(C) 650
(D) 6.5
48. What is $5800 \div 100 ?$
(A) 5800
(B) 58
(C) 5.8
(D) 580
49. What is $\mathbf{8 3 0 0} \div \mathbf{1 0 0}$ ?
(A) 83
(B) 83000
(C) $8 \cdot 3$
(D) 830
50. What is $9600 \div 100 ?$
(A) 960
(B) 9600
(C) 96
(D) $9 \cdot 6$
51. What is $9200 \div 100 ?$
(A) 29
(B) $9 \cdot 2$
(C) 92
(D) 290
52. What is $1500 \div 100$ ?
(A) 150
(B) 1.5
(C) 15
(D) 51
53. What is $\mathbf{6 8 0 0} \div \mathbf{1 0 0}$ ?
(A) 680
(B) 86
(C) 68
(D) 6.8
54. How much does a pack of 10 biros cost when each biro is 25 cents?
(A) 25000 cents
(B) 2500 cents
(C) 250 cents
(D) 25 cents
55. How much does a pack of 15 biros cost when each biro is $\mathbf{2 0}$ cents?
(A) 30 cents
(B) 3000 cents
(C) 300 cents
(D) 30000 cents
56. How much does a pack of 12 biros cost when each biro is 15 cents?
(A) 170 cents
(B) 18000 cents
(C) 180 cents
(D) 330 cents
57. How much does a pack of 10 biros cost when each biro is 32 cents?
(A) 32000 cents
(B) 320 cents
(C) 3200 cents
(D) 2300 cents
58. How much does a pack of 15 biros cost when each biro is 30 cents?
(A) 5400 cents
(B) 4500 cents
(C) 450 cents
(D) 54000 cents
59. What is the missing number: 225, 230,. 240, 245 ? V
(A) 236
(B) 255
(C) 235
(D) 237
60. What is the missing number: 220, 226,....., 238, 244 ?
(A) 235
(B) 234
(C) 230
(D) 232
61. What is the missing number: 20,40 80, 100
?
(A) 70
(B) 60
(C) 50
(D) 55
62. What is the missing number: $27, \ldots . ., 47,57$ ?
(A) 35
(B) 37
(C) 38
(D) 36
63. What is the missing number: 77, 66,....., 44, 33 ?
(A) 54
(B) 55
(C) 50
(D) 56
64. Which number will divide equally by 9 (with no remainder)?
(A) 48
(B) 45
(C) 46
(D) 47
65. Which number will divide equally by 8 (with no remainder)?
(A) 41
(B) 38
(C) 40
(D) 42
66. Which number will divide equally by 7 (with no remainder)?
(A) 49
(B) 48
(C) 46
(D) 44
67. What is $1 / 3$ of 24 ?
(A) 12
(B) 7
(C) 8
(D) 9
68. What is $1 / 3$ of 27 ?
(A) 12
(B) 6
(C) 8
(D) 9
69. What is $1 / 3$ of 33 ?
(A) 9
(B) 13
(C) 11
(D) 12
70. What is $1 / 3$ of 36 ?
(A) 14
(B) 11
(C) 12
(D) 13
71. What is $1 / 3$ of 39 ?
(A) 16
(B) 15
(C) 13
(D) 14
72. What is $1 / 3$ of 42 ?
(A) 12
(B) 15
(C) 14
(D) 11
73. How many even numbers are there between 31 and 43 ?
(A) 5
(B) 6
(C) 7
(D) 8
74. How many odd numbers are there between 22 and 32 ?
(A) 6
B) 5
(C) 7
(D) 8
75. $42=10 \times 4$ and a remainder of $\ldots$
(A) 4
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) 5
76. $64=10 \times 6$ and a remainder of....
(A) 4
(B) 6
(C) 7
(D) 8
77. $72=10 \times 7$ and a remainder of...
(A) 2
(B) 3
(C) 4
(D) 5
78. $95=10 \times 9$ and a remainder of...
(A) 7
(B) 6
(C) 5
(D) 4
79. $86=10 \times 8$ and a remainder of...
(A) 5
(B) 6
(C) 8
(D) 9
80. $92=10 \times 9$ and a remainder of...
(A) 2
(B) 3
(C) 4
(D) 5
81. $98=10 \times 9$ and a remainder of...
(A) 9
(B) 8
(C) 7
(D) 6
82. $87=10 \times 8$ and a remainder of...
(A) 6
(B) 7
(C) 5
(D) 4
83. The match began at 2:00pm. The teams played 45 minutes in each half. The half-time break was 10 minutes. When did the match finish?
(A) $3: 50$
(B) $3: 40$
(C) $3: 30$
(D) 3:20
84. The match began at $4: 00 \mathrm{pm}$. The teams played 40 minutes in each half. The half-time break was 10 minutes. When did the match finish?
(A) 5:30
(B) 5:40
(C) 5:20
(D) $5: 50$
85. The match began at $3: 00 \mathrm{pm}$. The teams played 30 minutes in each half. The half-time break was 10 minutes. When did the match finish?
(A) 4:30
(B) $4: 40$
(C) $4: 10$
(D) $4: 20$
86. Patricia got up at 8:00am. She left home 20 minutes later. She arrived at school at 8:40am. How long did his journey to school take?
(A) 20 minutes
(B) 40 minutes
(C) 10 minutes
(D) 30 minutes
87. Mary got up at 8:00am. She left home 20 minutes later. She arrived at school at 8:45am. How long did his journey to school take?
(A) 30 minutes
(B) $\mathbf{2 5}$ minutes
(C) 40 minutes
(D) 10 minutes
88. Patricia got up at 8:00am. She left home 10 minutes later. She arrived at school at 8:50am. How long did his journey to school take?
(A) 40 minutes
(B) 30 minutes
(C) 20 minutes
(D) 50 minutes
89. Which is the largest fraction?
(A) $1 / 10$
(B) $5 / 10$
(C) $7 / 10$
(D) $10 / 10$
90. Which is the largest fraction?
(A) $1 / 7$
(B) $6 / 7$
(C) $2 / 7$
(D) $7 / 7$
91. Which is the smallest fraction?
(A) $5 / 10$
(B) $4 / 10$
(C) $7 / 10$
(D) $10 / 10$
92. Which is the smallest fraction?
(A) $1 / 7$
(B) $4 / 7$
(C) $2 / 7$
(D) $9 / 7$
93. $6 / 4+5 / 4=$
(A) $1 / 4$
(B) $11 / 4$
(C) $11 / 8$
(D) $30 / 16$
94. $3 / 4+2 / 4=$
(A) $5 / 16$
(B) 32/44
(C) $5 / 4$
(D) $6 / 4$
95. $7 / 4+1 / 4=$
(A) $8 / 4$
(B) $6 / 4$
(C) $71 / 44$
(D) $8 / 8$
96. $6 / 9+5 / 9=$
(A) $11 / 9$
(B) $30 / 81$
(C) $1 / 0$
(D) $11 / 18$
97. $1 / 3+5 / 3=$
(A) $6 / 6$
(B) $6 / 3$
(C) 30/9
(D) $6 / 9$
98. $6 / 4-3 / 4=$
(A) $18 / 16$
(B) $3 / 8$
(C) $3 / 4$
(D) $3 / 0$
99. $7 / 4-1 / 4=$
(A) $6 / 4$
(B) $6 / 0$
(C) $7 / 16$
(D) $8 / 8$
100. $8 / 5-3 / 5=$
(A) $5 / 0$
(B) $5 / 5$
(C) $24 / 25$
(D) $13 / 5$
101. How many halves in 1 ?
(A) 2
(B) $1 / 2$
(C) 4
(D) 6
102. How many halves in 2 ?
(A) 2
(B) 4
(C) 8
(D) 16
103. How many halves in 4 ?
(A) 8
(B) 10
(C) 2
(D) 16
104. How many thirds in 1 ?
(A) $1 / 3$
(B) 9
(C) 3
(D) 6
105. How many thirds in 2 ?
(A) 8
(B) $2 / 3$
(C) 9
(D) 6
106. How many thirds in 3 ?
(A) 3
(B) 6
(C) 9
(D) 12
107. How many quarters in 1 ?
(A) $1 / 4$
(B) 4
(C) 16
(D) 8
108. How many quarters in 2 ?
(A) 10
(B) 6
(C) 8
(D) $2 / 4$
109. How many quarters in 3 ?
(A) $3 / 4$
(B) $4 / 3$
(C) 9
(D) 12
110. How many fifths in 1?
(A) 6
(B) 5
(C) $1 / 5$
(D) 25
111. How many fifths in 2?
(A) $2 / 5$
(B) 10
(C) $5 / 2$
(D) 20
112. How many fifths in 3 ?
(A) $3 / 5$
(B) 15
(C) $5 / 3$
(D) 25

## Category 3:

## 75,000 Point Questions

150,000 Point Questions
250,0000 Point Questions

1. What is $\mathbf{4 5 + 2 5 + 1}$ ?
(A) 61
(B) 51
(C) 71
(D) 81
2. What is $52+38+2$ ?
(A) 72
(B) 82
(C) 102
(D) 92
3. What is $43+27+9$ ?
(A) 69
(B) 79
(C) 89
(D) 99
4. What is $23+27+8$ ?
(A) 48
(B) 58
(C) 68
(D) 78
5. What is $\mathbf{7 3 + 1 7 + 8}$ ?
(A) 98
(B) 88
(C) 108
(D) 78
6. What is $68+22+6$ ?
(A) 96
(B) 106
(C) 86
(D) 76
7. What is $53+27+7$ ?
(A) 77
(B) 67
(C) 87
(D) 97
8. What is $57+23+5$ ?
(A) 85
(B) 65
(C) 75
(D) 105
9. What is $33+17+7$ ?
(A) 77
(B) 67
(C) 57
(D) 87
10. What is $83+27+6$ ?
(A) 96
(B) 116
(C) 126
(D) 136
11. What is $58+22+5$ ?
(A) 75
(B) 65
(C) 85
(D) 95
12. What is $29+21+5$ ?
(A) 65
(B) 55
(C) 45
(D) 85
13. What is $42+68+3$ ?
(A) 113
(B) 114
(C) 115
(D) 116
14. What is $68+22+4$ ?
(A) 84
(B) 94
(C) 104
(D) 114
15. What is $57+23+5$ ?
(A) 75
(B) 65
(C) 85
(D) 55
16. What is $52+68+2$ ?
(A) 122
(B) 112
(C) 92
(D) 123
17. What is $29+31+6$ ?
(A) 56
(B) 46
(C) 66
(D) 76
18. What is $68+42+9$ ?
(A) 117
(B) 99
(C) 109
(D) 119
19. What is $67+63+4$ ?
(A) 124
(B) 144
(C) 134
(D) 104
20. What is $55+55+8$ ?
(A) 118
(B) 98
(C) 108
(D) 128
21. What is $29+61+9$ ?
(A) 89
(B) 109
(C) 99
(D) 119
22. What is $622-23$ ?
(A) 499
(B) 599
(C) 699
(D) 399
23. What is $923-24$ ?
(A) 699
(B) 799
(C) 899
(D) 599
24. What is $711 \mathbf{- 1 2}$ ?
(A) 399
(B) 499
(C) 599
(D) 699
25. What is $624-25$ ?
(A) 599
(B) 699
(C) 499
(D) 399
26. What is $481-82$ ?
(A) 299
(B) 399
(C) 499
(D) 199
27. What is $913 \mathbf{- 1 4 ?}$
(A) 799
(B) 699
(C) 899
(D) 599
28. What is $623-24$ ?
(A) 499
(B) 599
(C) 399
(D) 699
29. What is $533-34$ ?
(A) 499
(B) 599
(C) 699
(D) 399
30. What is $713-14$ ?
(A) 899
(B) 499
(C) 599
(D) 699
31. What is $838-39$ ?
(A) 699
(B) 799
(C) 599
(D) 499
32. What is $719-20$ ?
(A) 499
(B) 599
(C) 299
(D) 699
33. What is $852-53$ ?
(A) 699
(B) 599
(C) 799
(D) 499
34. What is $828-29$ ?
(A) 699
(B) 599
(C) 799
(D) 499
35. What is $447-48$ ?
(A) 299
(B) 399
(C) 499
(D) 199
36. What is $122-23$ ?
(A) 99
(B) 119
(C) 89
(D) 79
37. What is $229-30$ ?
(A) 189
(B) 199
(C) 179
(D) 169
38. What is $328-29$ ?
(A) 279
(B) 289
(C) 299
(D) 269
39. What is $537-38$ ?
(A) 489
(B) 499
(C) 479
(D) 469
40. What is $215-16$ ?
(A) 199
(B) 189
(C) 179
(D) 159
41. What is $229-30 ?$
(A) 189
(B) 179
(C) 169
(D) 199
42. If today is Wednesday the $15^{\text {th }}$, what date will next Friday be?
(A) $19^{\text {th }}$
(B) $16^{\text {th }}$
(C) $17^{\text {th }}$
(D) $18^{\text {th }}$
43. If today is Wednesday the $10^{\text {th }}$, what date was last Monday?
(A) $7^{\text {th }}$
(B) $8^{\text {th }}$
(C) $6^{\text {th }}$
(D) $5^{\text {th }}$
44. If today is Wednesday the $12^{\text {th }}$, what date will next Sunday be?
(A) $14^{\text {th }}$
(B) $17^{\text {th }}$
(C) $16^{\text {th }}$
(D) $15^{\text {th }}$
45. If today is Wednesday the $9^{\text {th }}$, what date was last Sunday?
(A) $5^{\text {th }}$
(B) $6^{\text {th }}$
(C) $7^{\text {th }}$
(D) $4^{\text {th }}$
46. If today is Wednesday the $12^{\text {th }}$, what date will next Wednesday be?
(A) $16^{\text {th }}$
(B) $18^{\text {th }}$
(C) $19^{\text {th }}$
(D) $17^{\text {th }}$
47. If today is Wednesday the $10^{\text {th }}$, what date was last Saturday?
(A) $5^{\text {th }}$
(B) $6^{\text {th }}$
(C) $4^{\text {th }}$
(D) $7^{\text {th }}$
48. $1 / 2$ is the same as:
(A) $\cdot 6$
(B) $\cdot 5$
(C) $\cdot 12$
(D) $\cdot 25$
49. $1 / 4$ is the same as:
(A) $\cdot 25$
(B) $\cdot 35$
(C) $\cdot 14$
(D) $\cdot 025$
50. $1 / 5$ is the same as:
(A) $\cdot 2$
(B) $\cdot 25$
(C) $\cdot 3$
(D) $\cdot 15$
51. $1 / 10$ is the same as:
(A) $\cdot 1$
(B) $\cdot 01$
(C) $\cdot 20$
(D) $\cdot 25$
52. $1 / 5$ is the same as:
(A) $\cdot 2$
(B) $\cdot 25$
(C) $\cdot 15$
(D) $\cdot 51$
53. $1 / 8$ is the same as:
(A) $\cdot 18$
(B) $\cdot 125$
(C) $\cdot 81$
(D) $\cdot 25$
54. $1 / 2$ is the same as:
(A) 20\%
(B) $50 \%$
(C) 30\%
(D) 12\%
55. $1 / 4$ is the same as:
(A) 50\%
(B) $25 \%$
(C) 60\%
(D) $14 \%$
56. $1 / 5$ is the same as:
(A) 20\%
(B) $6 \%$
(C) $15 \%$
(D) $25 \%$
57. $1 / 10$ is the same as:
(A) $100 \%$
(B) $50 \%$
(C) $25 \%$
(D) 10\%
58. $2 / 5$ is the same as:
(A) $7 \%$
(B) $40 \%$
(C) $10 \%$
(D) $25 \%$
59. $1 / 8$ is the same as:
(A) 10\%
(B) $80 \%$
(C) $12.5 \%$
(D) $18 \%$

60 . What is the cost of 10 magazines if 100 cost $€ 80$ ?
(A) €10
(B) €8
(C) €18
(D) €40
61. What is the cost of 5 magazines if 100 cost $€ 40$ ?
(A) €4
(B) $€ 2$
(C) € 6
(D) €8
62. What is the cost of 5 magazines if 100 cost $€ 120$ ?
(A) €4
(B) €6
(C) €2
(D) €8
63. What is the cost of 12 magazines if $\mathbf{3 6}$ cost $€ 90$ ?
(A) $€ 20$
(B) $€ 30$
(C) €15
(D) €45
64. What is the cost of 6 magazines if 18 cost $€ 60$ ?
(A) $€ 30$
(B) $€ 35$
(C) €25
(D) €20
65. Round 542 to the nearest 10
(A) 540
(B) 530
(C) 520
(D) 550
66. Round 654 to the nearest 10
(A) 650
(B) 660
(C) 670
(D) 640
67. Round 562 to the nearest 10
(A) 570
(B) 560
(C) 550
(D) 540
68. Round 762 to the nearest 10
(A) 760
(B) 770
(C) 780
(D) 750
69. Round 943 to the nearest 10
(A) 940
(B) 950
(C) 960
(D) 930
70. Round $1: 45 \mathrm{pm}$ to the nearest hour
(A) $3: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(B) $2: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(C) $4: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(D) $2: 30 \mathrm{pm}$
71. Round $1: 35 \mathrm{pm}$ to the nearest hour
(A) 2:00pm
(B) $3: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(C) 4:00pm
(D) 1:30pm
72. Round $5: 25 \mathrm{pm}$ to the nearest hour
(A) $4: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(B) $6: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(C) $5: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(D) $5: 30 \mathrm{pm}$
73. Round $3: 55 \mathrm{pm}$ to the nearest hour
(A) $4: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(B) $2: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(C) $5: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(D) $3: 30 \mathrm{pm}$
74. Round 12:53pm to the nearest hour
(A) $15: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(B) $13: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(C) $14: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(D) $12: 30 \mathrm{pm}$
75. Round 9:48pm to the nearest hour
(A) $12: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(B) $11: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(C) $10: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(D) 9:30pm
76. Round $17: 41 \mathrm{pm}$ to the nearest hour
(A) $18: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(B) $19: 00 \mathrm{pm}$
(C) $\mathbf{2 0 : 0 0 \mathrm { pm }}$
(D) $17: 30 \mathrm{pm}$
77. Round 66 km to the nearest 10 km
(A) 50 km
(B) 80 km
(C) 70 km
(D) 90 km
78. Round 62 to the nearest 10 km
(A) 50 km
(B) 65 km
(C) 60 km
(D) 70 km
79. Round 76 to the nearest 10 km
(A) 50 km
(B) 80 km
(C) 70 km
(D) 90 km
80. Round 94 to the nearest 10 km
(A) 100 km
(B) 110 km
(C) 70 km
(D) 90 km
81. Round 66 to the nearest 10 km
(A) 50 km
(B) 80 km
(C) 70 km
(D) 90 km
82. Round 62 to the nearest 10 km
(A) 50 km
(B) 60 km
(C) 70 km
(D) 80 km
83. Round 762 to the nearest 100 km
(A) 700 km
(B) 800 km
(C) 900 km
(D) 500 km
84. Round 343 to the nearest 100 km
(A) 200 km
(B) 300 km
(C) 400 km
(D) 500 km
85. Round 76km to the nearest 100 km
(A) 100 km
(B) 300 km
(C) 400 km
(D) 200 km
86. Round 86km to the nearest 100 km
(A) 100 km
(B) 50 km
(C) 200 km
(D) 8600 km
87. Round 144 km to the nearest 100 km
(A) 100 km
(B) 200 km
(C) 250 km
(D) 300 km
88. " 30 days has September, April, June and November All the rest have 31, except February alone. And that has 28 days clear and 29 in each leap year".

What is the combined total of days in July and May?
(A) 60
(B) 62
(C) 61
(D) 63
89. " 30 days has September, April, June and November All the rest have 31, except February alone And that has 28 days clear and 29 in each leap year". What is the combined total of days in April and September?
(A) 61
(B) 62
(C) 60
(D) 64
90. " 30 days has September, April, June and November All the rest have 31, except February alone. And that has 28 days clear and 29 in each leap year".

What is the combined total of days in December and July?
(A) 61
(B) 64
(C) 63
(D) 62
91. $(6 \times 4)+?=29$
(A) 3
(B) 4
(C) 5
(D) 6
92. $(12 \times 5)+?=79$
(A) 9
(B) 19
(C) 29
(D) 39
93. $(15 \times 4)+?=99$
(A) 19
(B) 49
(C) 39
(D) 29
94. $(16 \times 3)+?=89$
(A) 41
(B) 51
(C) 31
(D) 61
95. $(12 \times 6)+?=99$
(A) 47
(B) 17
(C) 27
(D) 37
96. $(16 \times 4)+?=88$
(A) 44
(B) 14
(C) 34
(D) 24
97. I buy 2 boxes of chocolates at $€ 5.50$ each. What was my change from $€ 20$
(A) €11
(B) $€ 9$
(C) €7
(D) €8
98. I buy 4 boxes of chocolates at $€ 5.50$ each. What was my change from $€ 30$ ?
(A) €8
(B) €9
(C) €6
(D) €7
99. A bottle contains 2 litres of coke. A full glass holds $1 / 3$ of a litre. How many full glasses can be filled from the coke bottle?
(A) 16
(B) 4
(C) 6
(D) 12
100. A bottle contains 1 litre of orange. A full glass holds $1 / 5$ of a litre. How many full glasses can be filled from the orange bottle?
(A) 10
(B) 4
(C) 6
(D) 5
101. What is $50 \%$ of $100 ?$
(A) 100
(B) 50
(C) 40
(D) 25
102. What is $50 \%$ of 200 ?
(A) 100
(B) 50
(C) 400
(D) 25
103. What is $\mathbf{5 0 \%}$ of $\mathbf{1 6}$ ?
(A) 10
(B) 8
(C) 80
(D) 16
104. What is $50 \%$ of 20 ?
(A) 100
(B) 50
(C) 10
(D) 25
105. What is $100 \%$ of 70 ?
(A) 170
(B) 70
(C) 30
(D) 35
106. What is $25 \%$ of 100 ?
(A) 125
(B) 50
(C) 4
(D) 25
107. What is $\mathbf{2 5 \%}$ of $\mathbf{1 6}$ ?
(A) 100
(B) 44
(C) 40
(D) 4
108. What is $25 \%$ of 20 ?
(A) 500
(B) 5
(C) 45
(D) 25
109. What is $25 \%$ of $\mathbf{2 8}$ ?
(A) 280
(B) 77
(C) 70
(D) 7
110. What is $10 \%$ of $100 ?$
(A) 100
(B) 110
(C) 10
(D) 25
111. What is $10 \%$ of 50 ?
(A) 5
(B) 50
(C) 40
(D) 1500

## Category 4:

## 500,000 Point Questions

 1,000,000 Point Questions1. $131+$ ? $=300$
(A) 159
(B) 169
(C) 179
(D) 189
2. $171+?=300$
(A) 159
(B) 129
(C) 139
(D) 149
3. $\mathbf{1 8 2 + ?}=\mathbf{2 5 0}$
(A) 68
(B) 78
(C) 88
(D) 98
4. 151 +? = 350
(A) 169
(B) 179
(C) 199
(D) 189
5. $201+?=370$
(A) 159
(B) 189
(C) 169
(D) 179
6. $815+$ ? $=960$
(A) 175
(B) 145
(C) 155
(D) 165
7. $\mathbf{4 1 6}+$ ? $=800$
(A) 454
(B) 364
(C) 384
(D) 394
8. $385+$ ? $=700$
(A) 335
(B) 315
(C) 325
(D) 305
9. $438+?=850$
(A) 432
(B) 402
(C) 412
(D) 422
10. 827 +? $=900$
(A) 73
(B) 83
(C) 93
(D) 103
11. $416+$ ? $=900$
(A) 474
(B) 464
(C) 484
(D) 494
12. What is $13+27+6$ ?
(A) 66
(B) 56
(C) 46
(D) 36
13. What is $\mathbf{2 8 + 2 4 + 5}$ ?
(A) 37
(B) 47
(C) 57
(D) 67
14. What is $29+27+5$ ?
(A) 61
(B) 51
(C) 41
(D) 71
15. What is $\mathbf{3 2 + 2 4 + 3 ?}$
(A) 79
(B) 59
(C) 69
(D) 49
16. What is $18+24+4$ ?
(A) 66
(B) 56
(C) 46
(D) 36
17. What is $27+26+5$ ?
(A) 48
(B) 58
(C) 68
(D) 78
18. What is $22+34+2$ ?
(A) 88
(B) 58
(C) 68
(D) 78
19. What is $24+33+6$ ?
(A) 43
(B) 53
(C) 73
(D) 63
20. What is $18+24+9$ ?
(A) 81
(B) 71
(C) 61
(D) 51
21. What is $\mathbf{1 7}+\mathbf{1 6 + 4}$ ?
(A) 37
(B) 47
(C) 57
(D) 67
22. What is $25+27+8$ ?
(A) 80
(B) 40
(C) 60
(D) 70
23. What is $19+26+9$ ?
(A) 64
(B) 54
(C) 44
(D) 34
24. If today is Wednesday the $12^{\text {th }}$, what day was the $7^{\text {th }}$ ?
(A) Friday
(B) Saturday
(C) Sunday
(D) Thursday
25. If today is Saturday the $18^{\text {th }}$, what day was the $7^{\text {th }}$ ?
(A) Friday
(B) Saturday
(C) Sunday
(D) Tuesday
26. If today is Sunday the $18^{\text {th }}$, what day was the $9^{\text {th }}$ ?
(A) Friday
(B) Saturday
(C) Sunday
(D) Thursday
27. If today is Monday the $18^{\text {th }}$, what day will the $27^{\text {th }}$ be ?
(A) Friday
(B) Saturday
(C) Wednesday
(D) Thursday
28. If today is Tuesday the $12^{\text {th }}$, what day will the $29^{\text {th }}$ be?
(A) Friday
(B) Saturday
(C) Sunday
(D) Thursday
29. $3 / 2$ is the same as:
(A) 2.5
(B) 1.5
(C) $2 \cdot 3$
(D) 3.2
30. $5 / 4$ is the same as:
(A) 1.25
(B) 1.35
(C) 1.55
(D) 1.54
31. $3 / 5$ is the same as:
(A) $\cdot 7$
(B) $\cdot 6$
(C) $\cdot 8$
(D) 3.5
32. 7/10 is the same as:
(A) $\cdot 7$
(B) $\cdot 8$
(C) $\cdot 710$
(D) $\cdot 107$
33. $9 / 5$ is the same as:
(A) 9.5
(B) 1.8
(C) 1.4
(D) 5.9
34. $7 / 8$ is the same as:
(A) $\cdot 75$
(B) $\cdot 87$
(C) $\cdot 78$
(D) $\cdot 875$
35. $3 / 2$ is the same as:
(A) $250 \%$
(B) $132 \%$
(C) $123 \%$
(D)150\%
36. $5 / 4$ is the same as:
(A) $125 \%$
(B) $120 \%$
(C) $130 \%$
(D)150\%
37. $3 / 5$ is the same as:
(A) 50\%
(B) 60\%
(C) $135 \%$
(D)70\%
38. $7 / 10$ is the same as:
(A) $710 \%$
(B) $75 \%$
(C) 70\%
(D)140\%
39. $9 / 5$ is the same as:
(A) 295\%
(B)180\%
(C) $170 \%$
(D)150\%
40. $4 / 8$ is the same as:
(A) 0.25
(B) 0.5
(C) 0.48
(D) 0.55
41. $3 / 2$ is the same as:
(A) 1.25
(B) 1.5
(C) 0.5
(D) 0.6
42. $7 / 8$ is the same as:
(A) $87.5 \%$ (B) $87 \%$
(C) 78\%
(D) 0.5\%
43. How many sides in a pentagon?
(A) 4
(B) 5
(C) 4
(D) 6
44. How many sides in an octagon?
(A) 3
(B) 6
(C) 8
(D) 12
45. What is the nearest whole number to $5 \cdot 7$ ?
A) 7.5
(B) 5.8
(C) 6
(D) 5
46. What is the nearest whole number to $52 \cdot 6$ ?
(A) 52.6
(B) 52.7
(C) 52
(D) 53
47. What is the nearest whole number to 11.4 ?
(A) 11
(B) 12
(C) 11.5
(D) 114
48. What is the nearest whole number to 9.9?
(A) 99
(B) 9.8
(C) 10
(D) 11
49. Round 654 to the nearest 100
(A) 650
(B) 700
(C) 600
(D) 500
50. Round 562 to the nearest 100
(A) 550
(B) 700
(C) 600
(D) 500
51. Round 762 to the nearest 100
(A) 760
(B) 800
(C) 600
(D) 700
52. Round 943 to the nearest 100
(A) 950
(B) 1000
(C) 800
(D) 900
53. " 30 days has September, April, June and November All the rest have 31, except February alone. And that has $\mathbf{2 8}$ days clear and 29 in each leap year".

What is the combined total of days in July, August and May?
(A) 92
(B) 90
(C) 92
(D) 93
54. "30 days has September, April, June and November All the rest have 31, except February alone. And that has 28 days clear and 29 in each leap year".

What is the combined total of days in December, October and May?
(A) 92
(B) 90
(C) 92
(D) 93
55. " 30 days has September, April, June and November All the rest have 31, except February alone. And that has $\mathbf{2 8}$ days clear and 29 in each leap year".

What is the combined total of days in January, July and August?
(A) 92
(B) 90
(C) 92
(D) 93
56. " 30 days has September, April, June and November All the rest have 31, except February alone. And that has 28 days clear and 29 in each leap year".

What is the combined total of days in July, November and leap year February?
(A) 92
(B) 90
(C) 92
(D) 93
57. Which number will divide equally by 12 (with no remainder)?
(A) 42
(B) 36
(C) 37
(D) 38
58. Which number will divide equally by 11 (with no remainder)?
(A) 33
(B) 36
(C) 37
(D) 36
59. Which number will divide equally by 13 (with no remainder)?
(A) 39
(B) 49
(C) 37
(D) 36
60. The product of 7 and 12 is
(A) $7 / 12$
(B) 84
(C) 19
(D) 5
61. The product of 9 and 12 is
(A) $9 / 12$
(B) 3
(C) 108
(D) 21
62. The product of 10 and 12 is
(A) 22
(B) $10 / 12$
(C) 2
(D) 120
63. The product of 11 and 12 is
(A) 1
(B) $11 / 12$
(C) 132
(D) 23
64. The product of 12 and 12 is
(A) 12/24
(B) $12 / 12$
(C) 24
(D) 144
65. The value of $\pi(\mathbf{p i})$ is:
(A) $2 / 3$
(B) $1 / 7$
(C) 22/7
(D) $7 / 22$
66. What is the missing number in the sequence?
$0.2 \quad 0.4 \quad ? \quad 0.8$
(A) $0 \bullet 6$
(B) 0.5
(C) $0 \bullet 7$
(D) $0 \cdot 10$
67. What is the missing number in the sequence?

## $2.3 \quad 2.1 \quad ? \quad 1 \cdot 7$

(A) $1 \cdot 8$
(B) $1 \cdot 9$
(C) $1 \cdot 7$
(D) $\mathbf{2 \cdot 0}$
68. What is the missing number in the sequence?
$-3 \quad-5 \quad ? \quad-9$
(A) -7
(B) -6
(C) -8
(D) -8.5
69. What is the missing number in the sequence?
$\begin{array}{llll}-5 & -7 & ? & -11\end{array}$
(A) -10
(B) -9
(C) -8
(D) $\mathbf{- 1 0 . 5}$
70. Round $2 \bullet 43$ to 1 decimal place:
(A) 2.4
(B) $2 \cdot 5$
(C) $2 \cdot 3$
(D) $2 \bullet 44$
71. Round $2 \cdot 27$ to 1 decimal place:
(A) $\mathbf{2 \bullet 3}$
(B) $\mathbf{2 \bullet} \mathbf{2}$
(C) $\mathbf{2 \cdot 2 8}$
(D) 2
72. Round $27 \cdot 71$ to 1 decimal place:
(A) $\mathbf{2 7} \cdot \mathbf{7 2}$
(B) $27 \cdot 7$
(C) $27 \cdot 8$
(D) 28
73. Round $21 \cdot 57$ to 1 decimal place:
(A) $21 \cdot 58$
(B) $21 \cdot 59$
(C) $21 \cdot 5$
(D) 21.6
74. Which of these numbers is a square number?
(A) 21
(B) 36
(C) 41
(D) 88
75. Which of these numbers is a square number?
(A) 15
(B) 17
(C) 36
(D) 12
76. Which of these numbers is a square number?
(A) 11
(B) 32
(C) 64
(D) 19
77. $36=2 \times 2 \times$ ?
(A) 7
(B) 6
(C) 9
(D) 8
78. $80=2 \times 10 \times$ ?
(A) 4
(B) 6
(C) 5
(D) 8
79. $42=2 \times 3 \times$ ?
(A) 7
(B) 6
(C) 9
(D) 8
80. $48=2 \times 2 \times$ ?
(A) 79
(B) 6
(C) 12
(D) 11
81. $32=2 \times 2 \times$ ?
(A) 7
(B) 6
(C) 9
(D) 8
82. $24=3 \times 2 x$ ?
(A) 4
(B) 6
(C) 5
(D) 8
83. $24=4 \times 2 \times$ ?
(A) 4
(B) 6
(C) 2
(D) 3
84. $(3+2) x ?=10$
(A) 1
(B) 2
(C) 3
(D) 4
85. $(2+2) x$ ? $=16$
(A) 2
(B) 3
(C) 4
(D) 5
86. $(4+2) x ?=18$
(A) 3
(B) 6
(C) 2
(D) 8
87. $(3+3) x ?=18$
(A) 1
(B) 3
(C) 4
(D) 2
88. $(3+5) x ?=24$
(A) 4
(B) 3
(C) 2
(D) 5
89. $2 x=16$. What is $x$ ?
(A) 14
(B) 8
(C) 4
(D) 18
90. $2 x=18$. What is $x$ ?
(A) 9
(B) 20
(C) 16
(D) 36
91. $2 x=14$. What is $x$ ?
(A) 16
(B) 12
(C) 28
(D) 7
92. $3 x=21$. What is $x$ ?
(A) 24
(B) 7
(C) 18
(D) 63
93. $3 x=24$. What is $x$ ?
(A) 21
(B) 27
(C) 8
(D) 72
94. $4 x=16$. What is $x$ ?
(A) 64
(B) 20
(C) 12
(D) 4
95. $5 x=25$. What is $x$ ?
(A) 20
(B) 30
(C) 5
(D) 125
96. How many millimetres in a centimetre?
(A) 1
(B) 10
(C) 100
(D) 1000
97. How many millimetres in a metre?
(A) 1
(B) 10
(C) 100
(D) 1000
98. How many centimetres in a metre?
(A) 1
(B) 10
(C) 100
(D) 1000

